

MASSILLON DAILY INDEPENDENT.

FOURTH YEAR.

MASSILLON, O., THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1891.

PRICE TWO CENTS

GREATEST OF THEM ALL.

20 DAY CLEARANCE SALE.

Before Invoicing at

H U M B E R G E R S
In this sale we will include the remnant of the Rick's and Oberlin stocks. Now look out for Wonderful Bargains. Everything MUST GO, and WILL go.

Ladies', Misses' & Children's Cloaks
Cloaks for 25 cents; think of it.

Cloaks for 50 cents; see them.

Cloaks for \$1.00 oh, we are in it.

Gloves at any price, we just about give them away.

See the table of Stylish Coats for Ladies at \$5.00, your old one. Goods on this table worth \$20.00.

FINE DRESS PATTERNS

At one-fourth actual cost. Cloths and Cashmere worth from \$1.00 to \$2.00 to

25 Cents per Yard.

Look at the counter of 5 cent stuff. You can find about everything on this counter. Don't miss it. We have made great reductions in all departments. For 20 days prices talk. See that you get here. Sale begins

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 29.

Respectfully,

HUMBERGERS, Dry Goods, MASSILLON.

COLEMAN.

THE JEWELER

New and Complete stock in all the very latest styles.

Sterling SILVERWARE,

Dozens, Half Dozens, Single pieces.

Diamonds,

Watches

Jewelry.

Largest Stock in the City

NO. 5 EBIE STREET.

GREAT

Closing out Sale

On account of changing our business on or about April 1st, when our room will be occupied by Dielhenn Bros., Clothing House, we will sell our

Entire Stock

OF

GROCERIES,

Glassware, Chinaware, Hanging Lamps, Stand Lamps, Water Sets, Vases, Fruit Dishes, Haviland China, Cut Glass, Fruit Dishes, Soup Sets, Ice Cream Sets, Chamber Sets, &c.

Bear in mind that we mean business and our stock must be closed out. We are not only selling at cost but many articles at Half Price. Call at once and

Secure these Bargains

Yours Respectfully,

Dielhenn Bros.

24 E. MAIN St.

MASSILLON & CLEVELAND RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER, MASSILLON, OHIO, January 1, 1891.

The annual election of the officers of this Company, for the election of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting, will be held at the German Deposit Bank (its general office) in the City of Massillon, on Tuesday, the third day of February, 1891, at 12 o'clock noon. JOHN J. HALEY, Secretary

"Homeo Ton"

The never failing remedy for malaria, and indigestion, and the best blood purifier known, may be found at the drug stores of E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Morganthaler & Heister.

100 Dollars Reward.

For any case of chapped hands, face, lips, nipples, and all other skin eruptions that can't be cured with Kaloderm. Sold by druggists at 35 cents. 14-4w

A CUTTING TIME

Though our winter trade has been exceptionally good and we are not to be found among the mourners, yet we have a few goods we want to sell and the sooner they are sold the better we shall feel. We must begin to plan for the spring campaign, and want room and money to carry out the plans we formulate. To secure these two essentials we have

CUT THE HEADS OFF

the prices on our entire stock of Overcoats, Heavy Suits, Gloves, Caps, Underwear, etc. They must make way for our spring purchases, and now is the time to buy these cold-weather goods. Don't beg off but come to the decapitating sale.

C. M. Whitman,
Strictly One Price, Massillon

To-day we are marking down our entire stock. To-morrow our great sale begins, and lasts until every article is sold. Be sure to be one of the early buyers.

J. & H. DIELHENN,
Nos. 11 E. Main, and 6 South Erie Streets
MASSILLON, O.

ERHARD & SCHIMKE.

BREWERS AND BOTTLERS.

MASSILLON, O.

N. H. WILLAMAN

Furniture Dealer & Undertaker

42 and 44 South Erie Street,

THEY ARE CHEAP AND ALL THE RAGE,

BLACK CHEVIOTS.

We have them in all the different weaves, also a

Choice Line of New Woolens

Of the very latest styles, which we are making up at very popular prices.

LOWE THE TAILOR,

OPERA BLOCK, SECOND FLOOR

MATTHEW BROS.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS.

— ALL THE —

Best Grades of Flour

BUTTER, EGGS and POULTRY

a Specialty.

All Class of Goods in their

Season.

Mill Feed and Bailed Hay.

No. 2 - W. Tremont St.

TO THE PUBLIC.

FORMERLY WITH TUN KEE IN THE MINOR BLOCKS

AND NO. 1 EAST TREMONT STREET.

has started a first-class

New Laundry at No. 45 East Main Street

Where he will be prepared to show the pub-

lic the finest work in his line. He has the latest

improved machinery.

New Shirts, 13c, 2 for 25c. Shirts, 10c. Collars, 2c

Ladies Collars, 2c for 5c. Cuffs, 4c.

SPANGLER & CO., HATTERS

And Men's Fine Furnishers.

Knox & Youman Hats, Star Shirts and Waists. Fish, Clark & Flagg

Ties, Gloves and Suspenders. Strictly first-class

Goods in Every Department.

OUR PRICES DEFY COMPETITION.

No. 4 East Main Street.

SALMAGUNDI.

TO-DAY'S DOINGS IN THIS TOWN

Personal Notes and Brief Mention of Many Things.

THE WEATHER—For Ohio—Thursday, showers, slightly colder.

TO-NIGHT: At Bucher's, "The Midnight Alarm."

E. D. Wileman is in Sherrodsville.

Mr. Herman Marks, of Marks Bros., is ill.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Prince, a son.

Mr. J. R. Oppenheimer is in Cleveland.

Miss Mary Hamil is visiting in Michigan.

Miss Lulu Reed will entertain to-night.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Volkmar, Jr., a son.

Misses Katie Hamil and Anna Yochim are in Cleveland.

Mr. T. Teeple is confined to the house by an attack of neuralgia.

Arthur Kaley, of Cleveland, is visiting his parents in North street.

Joseph Healey is named as a Republi-

candidate for street commissioner.

Miss Emma Pille has returned, after a visit of several weeks in Wheeling.

Mrs. Philip Essinger, South Erie street, is suffering from an attack of erysipelas.

A. N. Robinson, of Robinson Bros., is the happy father of a new baby—by adoption.

James A. Hackett has returned from Cincinnati, where he attended the furni-

ture exposition.

The marriage of George Honic to Miss Yetzer took place this morning at St. Mary's church.

Mrs. Elam Witmer, of Apple Creek, and Mrs. George Race, of Dalton, sisters of Mrs. A. E. Dauchy, are her guests.

The first of Mr. E. Fauchtinger's parlor lectures on the musical masters, was delivered in his studio, this afternoon.

Mrs. Will Smith and two daughters, Elsie and Jessie, of Clinton, O., are guests at the residence of Mr. Stielke, Akron street.

Misses Susie and Etta Fallon, who have been guests in the family of T. J. Dillon, returned to their home at Wheeling to-day.

The revival services at the First M. E. church closed last night. The young people will meet this evening, in the choir room.

Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Ackert returned last night from Toledo. Arthur Kortheuer, whose illness called them away, is now better.

To-morrow evening the progressive spelling match at the Presbyterian chapel will take place. Of course everybody is invited to be present.

Mrs. Edward Barnes, who has been at

at the bedside of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Justus, for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Detroit to-day.

Miss Maude McMillan was called upon to entertain a surprise party last night, at her home in East South street, the occasion being her sixteenth birthday.

Joseph Vogt slipped and fell in North Millstreet, shortly after noon, getting a gash above the eye, in consequence, which had to be closed with several stitches.

The Massillon Electric Light Com-

pany is figuring with C. L. McLain &

Co. and other present large consumers

of water, upon furnishing motive power

by electricity.

Conductor Landis, who was injured in the Bolivar wreck, is improving, but

very slowly. He sits up in an easy chair

but is able to walk but very little and is

getting very impatient at the slowness of

his recovery.—Norwalk Reflector.

The vestry of St. Timothy's church

have determined that it is useless to at-

tempt to remodel the present stone

building, and determined, informally, to

actively begin the work of raising funds

for a new structure, on Easter Sunday.

Wm. A. PIETZKER.

Proprietor,

No. 1, West Main Street.

Massillon, Ohio.

THE UNION NATIONAL BANK.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, President.

J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

Does a General Banking Business.

Interest paying Certificates of Deposit Issued.

South Erie Street,

MASSILLON

OHIO

Special Dispatch to The Independent.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 29.—There are

many signs of a break in the deadlock.

Republicans and Alliance men had a

long caucus last night and something

may be expected to drop soon.

The indications are that the Alliance men

and Republicans will make a deal.

A Colorado Blizzard.

Special Dispatch to The Independent.

MASSILLON INDEPENDENT.

WEEKLY ESTABLISHED IN 1863.
DAILY ESTABLISHED 1887.

PUBLISHED BY

The Independent Company.

Independent Building,

No. 20 E. Main Street

MASSILLON, - - - OHIO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

One Year.....\$5.00

Six Months.....\$2.50

Three Months.....\$1.25

WEEKLY.

One Year.....\$1.00

Six Months.....\$0.75

Three Months.....\$0.50

WEEKLY.

The Independent's Telephone No. 43

THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1891

This Date in History—Jan. 29.

275—Death of Aurelian, Roman emperor; born 213.

1023—Death of Robert Sander son, bishop of Lincoln; born 1587.

1689—Birth of Emanuel Swedenborg; died 1772.

1727—Birth of Thomas Paine, American political and de istical writer; died 1809.

1749—Birth of William Sharp, engraver; died 1824.

1756—Birth of "Light Horse Harry Lee," American soldier and statesman; died 1816.

1761—Birth of Albert Gallatin, American states man; died 1849.

1814—Death of John Philippus Fichte, meta physician; born 1762.

1817—William Ferrel, scientist; born in Bedford (now Fulton) county, Pa.

1820—Death of George III; born 1738.

1829—Death of Timothy Pickering, American Revolutionary statesman; born 1745.

1832—Marriage of Eugenie, a Spanish countess, to Napoleon III at Notre Dame.

1851—Death of Mrs. Catherine Gore, novelist; born 1799.

1851—Kansas admitted into the Union.

1856—Death of Eliphalit Nott, American educator; born 1773.



Resign, Senator Don Cameron, resign!

To the Bucyrus Telegraph: Cannot the advertising compositor on your bright paper, who spells Massillon "Massillion," be killed?

The communications are beginning to come in on the city hall proposition. Let them come. The INDEPENDENT is the people's forum.

It is an ill wind that blows nobody some good. Here is one of the Farmers' Alliance men in the Illinois legislature under suspicion of being an escaped Ohio convict. In case this should prove true, the Illinois dead-lock would likely be broken, and ex-Governor Oglesby elected.

"Is the defeat of Senator Ingalls a national calamity?" was a question put this morning to a citizen of the thoughtful sort. "No," he replied, "it is a personal grief." And so it is. The great United States will run on like Tennyson's brook, but the defeat of Ingalls comes as a personal grief to all lovers true of the English language, and of regular readers of the proceedings of the senate.

The Cleveland Press says: "Canton wants an insane asylum. Thinks that the bill locating it at Gallipolis will be repealed and if Stark's representatives hustle, they can get it." Stark county does not want the epileptic asylum so very much, after all. There was some method in permitting its location elsewhere, without effort. A large general insane asylum is pretty sure to be built soon, and it is upon the tail of that bird that Stark county salt will be sprinkled. The epileptic asylum will be a comparatively small institution.

A cable letter from Berlin, dated January 26, contains this: "The correspondent in Washington of a German newspaper has sent an interview with Mr. McKinley to his paper in this city. During the course of this interview, Mr. McKinley is quoted as saying that Prince Bismarck's policy of limited protection which, in twenty years, brought Germany up to her present state of prosperity, induced him to take up the tariff question in the United States." Mr. McKinley is said to have added that he intended to visit Prince Bismarck in order to express personally his admiration for that statesman and for his policy.

Colonel Shepard of the New York Mail and Express, has again made a meal of fire and shouts:

"If gallant Ben Harrison wants one million men to end up the new Southeastern rebellion, and enforce the constitution and laws of the United States, he can have them in thirty days. The war whip is cracked again in the United States senate and rebel legislatures, and blood is in the air. The deification of Lee in Richmond last May was one step. The irresponsible volunteer mounted cavalry in every county in every state is another. Southeastern state

resolutions repudiating the nationality of the Columbian exposition is another. Threats of war if congress does its duty and provides for the protection of citizens at the polls is another. These are like the secession mutterings of 1860, and ought to be understood by the American people and answered by immediate mobilization of troops in every state."

There will be no war this year, or next, and the Mail and Express is doubtless extravagant, yet the offenses mentioned are unmistakably of a rebellious and anarchistic nature, and retribution is sure to come.

BY VIRTUE OF THEIR VOTES.

A Chapter Upon the Inequality of the Sexes.

MR. EDITOR:—"Spice," in her article of Jan. 24, asks the editor of THE INDEPENDENT not to give conspicuous notice of the opinions of men who own no taxable property, and yet are not backward about spending the money of others to improve the town. I wonder if it has never occurred to this woman that the reason why the opinions of these men are sought and placed before the public is because they are voters. A man may be without money and without brains; he may be armless and legless, yet if he is invested with that "priceless right of citizenship," the franchise, his opinion will always be sought by somebody and frequently paid for. On election days, at least, he becomes an important personage, and on other days his opinions are received because his vote may be wanted in the interest of a certain measure to be put through by a certain individual. The only way by which women can protect themselves, their property and their homes is in the exercise of the elective franchise. Women are not represented by men, neither can they be.

For years the women of Ohio—a few of them—have tried to raise the age of protection for their daughters to 18 years, but could not accomplish it because no mothers sat in the legislative seats. Now at last a bill is in for 16 years, and it remains to be seen whether men will deem it advisable to make it a law. In Delaware the moral sentiment of the legislators is so low, that in spite of the repeated efforts of the women, the age remains at 7. In other states it is 10, in still other states it is 12, but only in Kansas and Wyoming, where women vote it is 18. Women can not consistently complain that their rights are not considered, if at the same time they do nothing to help on the movement which has for its aim, the political enfranchisement of their sex, the up-lifting of all classes of society. The recognition of the principle that every citizen, man or woman, is entitled to equal privileges under the law.

A government which collects the last farthing of tax upon the real and personal property, even to the road tax, of its women, and then is guilty of the monstrous injustice of refusing them the ballot, is a reputabie only in name. *

Want Bread and Butter First.
MR. EDITOR:—The move of the city council toward the improvement of our streets doubtless meets the approval of all. But when authority is asked to borrow \$35,000 to build a city hall, it is at this time, as they say, a little too much. Bread and butter should be provided for before going in debt for jewelry.

Rise Up, Judge Young!
MR. EDITOR:—Will Judge Young kindly give us a little information as to the origin and characteristics of the new breed of hogs, "China White," to which he referred in his recent speech? Possibly he meant to speak of "Chester Whites" or "Poland Chinas."

Anxious Inquirer.

Canal Fulton Creamery.

Fulton will have a creamery, and will make Elgin butter, says The Signal. The requisite stock for a plant has been subscribed, and a meeting of the stockholders was held at the Easy House on Monday evening. Messrs. Gray and Erent, representative of the firm of Davis & Rankin, were present, when the preliminary steps were taken for a permanent organization. It is expected that the plant will be ready for operation by April 1st. The factory agreed upon, if butter alone is made, and no cheese, will separate the milk from 600 to 700 cows. While the institution will not employ many hands, it will pay well attended by the young folks.

Wilmet.

About fifty farmers met Friday in Christman & Borkey's hall to organize an alliance, expecting Mr. Israel Bixler, of Oval City, to be present, but for some unknown reason that gentleman failed to appear. F. M. Frederick was elected chairman. After a few speeches by local talent the meeting adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman. An effort will be made to secure the services of the Rev. Joshua Crawford, of Harwood, for the next meeting.

The Patrons of Husbandry installed new officers at their hall Friday.

Mrs. Palmer, mother of our townsmen, Truman Palmer, was buried in the old cemetery Wednesday. Her age was 82 years.

The Methodists closed their series of meetings last night.

Since our last Mrs. Peter Smith died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Paul Fry, at Maysville.

Charles Rudolph will move near Cal dover this spring.

The firm of Putman & Son, grain dealers, of Beach City, has been dissolved, W. J. Putman now owning the entire business.

Brandt Conkle & Co. are sawing lumber for a barn for Jeff Dill.

The Rev. Vandersall of Akron assisted the Rev. Atkinson a few days last week in holding meetings at Ridge church.

WHERE IS TH^E MONEY?

A Discussion at Columbus, Upon the Stark County Funds.

In Columbus, the Cleveland Leader's correspondent says, a heated discussion took place yesterday upon the bill by Mr. Sanford, of Summit, to have county funds deposited in banks instead of kept in official vaults, in counties having cities of the second class, third grade.

The bill provides that all county funds shall be deposited with the highest bidder, but no bid less than 2 per cent shall be accepted. It requires the bank taking the fund to give a bond of \$30,000 and makes each stockholder in the bank personally liable for the amount of the deposit. The measure provides further that the treasurer and auditor shall keep account with the bank and make sworn statements to the county clerk monthly, as to the condition of the funds. Mr. Dresbach, of Stark, wanted the bill amended so as to exclude Stark county from its provisions. He made a speech of some length against the measure. Mr. Hudson, of Clinton, replied to Mr. Dresbach, and asked him if he knew that the officials of Stark county are violating the present law by placing the county funds in banks, and they are pocketing the interest they thus receive.

For scrofula in every form Hood's Sarsaparilla is a radical reliable remedy. It has an unequalled record of cures.

Latest designs in ladies' small-sized gold watches at C. F. Von Kanel's.

See results follow by having your "wants" made known.

Solid tub oysters 35c per quart at Albright & Co.'s.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.

THE TOWNS ROUNDABOUT

Newman.

Evan Richards returned home from Mineral Ridge last week where he had been called to attend the funeral of his father.

The Misses Frankie Clay and Maggie Davis, of Massillon, spent Sunday with Newman friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Price and Miss Martha Rogers of Pigeon Run were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Williams over Sunday.

Squire Lewis Ruch, of Canal Fulton, made a legal visit to our village on Monday.

We notice that the farmers and the wage workers are demanding unlimited free coinage of silver with a vengeance. We are free with confessing our ignorance on the above measure, and believe that three fourths of the wage workers to-day are in the same boat we are.

The question should be taken up and discussed by the wage workers in a proper manner, thereby throwing some light on the subject. We hold to the opinion that legislation having a tendency to make the silver dollar worth less than 100 cents cannot be in the interest of the wage worker.

Mr. Cyrus Rowe and Miss Nora Herbst were made husband and wife on Thursday of last week. Cy, here's our hand, and may your cup of joy be ever full.

James X. Jones, while at work in the Drake mine last Thursday, was seriously though not dangerously hurt by a neighbor's blast blazing through the pillar and scattering the coal all around him. It was truly a narrow escape.

The Baptist church held a very fine dime social at the Wm. Findley residence Tuesday evening of this week.

That brickyard romance made excellent reading for those acquainted with the circumstance. Pay day has come and gone, and no new developments. All the excitement has subsided and Barney continues to wrestle with the bricks.

Elton.

Miss Clara Kouth, of Canton, has been spending the week with Mrs. Burkholder.

Mr. Harvey Blocker, of Canal Fulton, spent several days with relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. Silvester McFarren has been on the sick list.

Baby Grace Harrold has been under the care of Dr. Gans, and is a little better.

McFarren school scholars are few, owing to the grip.

Miss Lizzie Shorb left Monday to stay with her aunt, Mrs. Nancy Davis, at West Lebanon.

Mr. Ed Penman has charge of the blacksmith department at the Elm Run mine, in place of Jacob Hollinger, who fills the former's place at Greenville.

There were two taken into the M. E. church on probation, Sunday afternoon,

Miss Etta Roan is at the home of Mr. McGarrett this week.

Mr. William Painter, of New Portage, and Mr. David Baughman were the guests of Mr. Samuel Baughman last week.

An oyster supper at the residence of Mr. Ben Saunders, Thursday night, will be well attended by the young folks.

Wilmot.

The Sons of Veterans will present "The Drummer Boy" in the opera house Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, Feb. 5, 6 and 7. The best local talent has been secured, and an unusually good entertainment is anticipated.

Mr. A. F. Nail, the manager of the play, has the reputation of being one of the best negro comedians on the stage, and has taken the part of Uncle Joe for the last fifteen years. Admission 35 cents; gallery 25 cents. Reserved seats without extra charge at the Independent Company's store.

The Drummer Boy.

The effect of the upward movement in the various grades of Woolen Carpets is being seen thus early in the season by the unusual activity in this department.

Lost Trace of Lizzie.

An officer returned from Akron about 1 o'clock this morning, where he had gone in a conveyance in search of Lizzie Roberts, the domestic who is wanted for stealing a silk dress from the residence of W. H. Crooks, and respectfully submitted his report this morning that the girl could not be located.

The Want Column is Authority on "Situations and Help Wanted."

The best flour—Enterprise mills "White Loaf" brand.

Boys' watches for from \$4.50 to \$6.00 at Von Kanel's.

"The Midnight Alarm" at 12 to-night.

For Bargains in Carriages & Wagons See P. H. Young.

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

STREET COMMISSIONER.

The name of Thomas Volkens is announced

as a candidate for street commissioner, subject to the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of John J. Geis as a candidate for street commis-

sioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic primaries at the spring election.

Respectfully,

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

Commercial Trade Solicited. Prompt Delivery.

Telephone 77.

A Fine Assortment of Buggies, all Styles at Young's

100 Doses One Dollar

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1.60 for \$5. Prepared only

by C. L. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

THE MASSILLON DAILY INDEPENDENT.

THE MINE HORROR.

ALL THE BODIES HAVE BEEN RECOVERED.

Only Seventy-One of the One Hundred and Six Identified.

The Full Force of the Mammoth Mine Horror Fixed—About Two Hundred and Fifty Widows and Orphans to be Cared for—The Scene of Horror Visited by Thousands—No Explanation Can be Given as to the Cause—Sixty-Three Victims Placed Side by Side in a Common Grave.

YOUNGWOOD, PA., Jan. 29.—The full force of the Mammoth mine horror was fixed yesterday afternoon, when the mutilated remains of Peter Shryke were dug from under the wreckage in the pit and carried to the morgue for identification. His body was last found. It was numbered 106, and the industrial searching parties who have been on duty since the explosion left the scene of the calamity, satisfied that all the bodies had been recovered and their melancholy work was ended. Of the 106 victims only 71 have been positively identified. The unidentified were buried with the Hungarians at Scottsdale last evening. It is not yet definitely known how many of the unfortunate miners here leave widows. General Superintendent Lynch said that a great majority of the victims were single men, but investigation develops the fact that at least 50 of them leave wives and families, making in all about 250 widows and orphans. Most of the families of the victims are being looked after by Superintendent Lynch. The accident has already cost the company in the neighborhood of \$10,000 for the funerals and caring for the dead. It will likely cost it much more to provide for the immediate wants of the victims' families.

A Wife's Great Sorrow.

Peter Shryke, whose body was the last recovered, was identified before he reached the morgue. His wife, who had been keeping watch near the mouth of the shaft since the awful accident, recognized her dead husband even before the remains were taken from the shaft cage. She seemed to have a premonition of the dead body's approach. While the elevator bearing the body was being drawn to the surface she pushed through the crowd and was the first to uncover the blackened, charred victim. She made no outcry. A low, sad moan forced itself through her pale, quivering lips, and, before the rescuers could stay her, she had prostrated herself over the body of her dead husband. The grimy-faced miners, who had not evidenced feeling all the day, turned from the distressing scene and bowed their heads. A thousand people saw the painful picture, and for fully five minutes no one intruded upon the widow's consuming grief. The dead was hers. She had no other care, and when she rose from embracing the distorted form of her husband she looked wildly about her and in a voice sweetly soft she chanted the Catholic psalm, "From the Depths I Cry to You." The Rev. Father Lambing heard the pathetic prayer, and while he offered condolence and consolation, he led the stricken woman from the crowd.

Preparing the Dead for Burial.

An army of at least 100 men hurried between the mine and morgue, carrying coffins, burial suits or rough boxes. A dozen teams were dragging the dead to their homes or conveying them to the railroad station for shipment. At least 100 women, widows, mothers or sisters of the unfortunate victims followed the coffins about and watched with selfish interest every move made by the horde of undertakers who were in charge of the funerals. While one casket was being carried away from the morgue dead bodies were being brought in and the procession seemed to be without an end. The scene of the horror was visited by countless thousands. Men, women and children came from every town and hamlet in Westmoreland county. Every road leading to Main-moth was blockaded with wagons and carriages. Great crowds of people swarmed over the hills to the ill-fated mine, and all traing to the place brought great delegations of curious visitors. They tramped about ankle deep in the mud, saw the victims of the disaster and went away.

No Explanation of the Horror.

Mine Inspectors Elick, Jenkins, Tonttut and ex-Mine Inspector Steiner arrived here early yesterday morning. They held a consultation with Superintendent Keighly, and then visited the scene of the explosion. Neither of them is able to even attempt an explanation of the horror. They unite in the statement that there is not the slightest evidence of gas in the mines, and they also unite in the opinion that Fire Boss Sneath, whose body was so horribly mutilated by the explosion, had faithfully examined the mine in the morning. They argue that the presence of gas would have been detected by the miners when they started to work.

THE SUPREME COURT BILL.

The Measure is Regarded as of Great Importance.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Senators Edmonds, Hoar and Evans, who are in conference with a similar committee of the house judiciary committee, in endeavoring to reach an agreement on the supreme court relief bill, say they expect to get the bill in such shape as to send it to a conference, which will insure its adoption by both houses. The measure is regarded as of great importance, and the associate justices are interesting themselves to secure its passage by the present congress.

IDLE MEN GOING TO WORK.

The Industrial Situation in the Coke Region Begins to Brighten.

SCOTTDALE, PA., Jan. 29.—The rolling mill here, which has been idle for over five weeks, will be resumed next Monday. This news is welcomed by everybody, as about six or seven hundred men are employed at the works. The pipe mill, which was also idle for some time, is now about one-half in blast. The coke works, those of them which were blown out of blast a few weeks since, are still cold. There are no signs for early resumption, but the number of idle men seems to be decreasing.

B. H. Campbell Not Murdered.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—The body of B. H. Campbell, the millionaire, who has been missing since Nov. 26, was found yesterday in the river at the Rush street bridge. Its identification is complete, and sets at rest all the rumors of foul play, and strongly confirms the claims of his friends that he either committed suicide while temporarily deranged or met accidental death while wandering about the streets in delirium, brought on by severe illness.

A Kansas Bank Closes Its Doors.

ATCHISON, KAN., Jan. 29.—The States National bank of this city, closed its doors yesterday and will go into voluntary liquidation. It is asserted that the directors have contemplated for several months taking this action. The bank was organized in January, 1887, with a capital stock of \$250,000.

SENATOR PFEFFER.

Result of the Ballot in Joint Session of the Kansas Legislature.

TOPEKA, KAN., Jan. 29.—The vote for the United States senator in joint session of the legislature, yesterday, resulted as follows: Pfeffer, 101; Ingalls, 58; Blair, 3; Baker, 1; Morrill, 1; Kelley, 1. Mr. Pfeffer was then formally declared elected as United States senator to succeed Mr. Ingalls.

Virulent Typhoid Fever at Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Much uneasiness is felt over the prevalence of typhoid fever. There are eighty cases in the city proper and many deaths have already occurred from this cause. The fever is of a virulent type in most of the cases.

D. Sullivan Whitney Dead.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—Dr. Sullivan Whitney, the first American physician to manufacture homeopathic remedies, died at Newtonville, aged 83.

Weather Forecast.

For Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia: Showers; southeasterly winds; stationary temperature, except in Northern Pennsylvania, slightly warmer.

A STRANGE INFATUATION.

Girl Seventeen Falls Desperately in Love with an Old Bachelor.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Jan. 29.—An exceptional case of infatuation on the part of a young girl but 17 with a man of 40 has just developed here. The girl is a pretty German named Lena Hayn, of Findlay, O., and her sweetheart is Robert Deem, a prosy, middle-aged farmer, an old bachelor, whom she met once by accident, and boldly admits herself in love with him. Two weeks ago she came here, having followed him from Findlay to this city, near which is his home. As long as her money lasted she stayed at a good hotel, but failing to find Deem, engaged herself as waiter girl at the largest hotel in this city, where Deem was known to stay when here, vainly hoping there to see him. On Saturday she heard he was in the country, and drove alone twelve miles in the mud only to learn that he had come to town. Then she returned, and finding Deem at the Blennerhassett, tried to induce him to marry her. He, tired of her maneuvers, called in the police, who sent her home. She went reluctantly, claiming she would have him yet.

A MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE.

Dedication of the New Masonic Home in Michigan.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Jan. 29.—The Michigan Masonic home for aged and infirm Master Masons, their widows and orphans, was dedicated with appropriate ceremonies by the Grand Lodge of Michigan. Hon. Hugh McCurdy, deputy grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of the United States, delivered the address. John S. Cross, of Bangor, Mich., grand master of Michigan, presided, and 600 Masons and officers were in attendance. The home is a magnificent structure of white brick, costing \$80,000, situated on the shore of Reed's lake, three miles east of this city. The association is out of debt, the entire cost of the building having been contributed by Michigan Masons and their friends.

VARIOUSLY COMMENTED ON.

The Talk in Washington About the Defeat of Senator Ingalls.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The defeat of Senator Ingalls is variously commented on here. The Democrats were in hopes that he would be returned on account of his attitude on the cloture and election bills. His Republican colleagues tried to persuade him not to take a pronounced position on either the silver or election bills, as it would do him no good, but his friends in Kansas thought that if he showed he was not in antagonism to the cardinal principles of the alliance he might secure enough votes from men who had heretofore been Republicans to elect him. Ingalls' bid was not accepted, and his friends here think it would have been better for his future had he pursued a course in line with the great majority of his party.

A FIGHT IN A BANK.

Millionaire Mackay Knocks Down His Confidential Agent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—In the Nevada bank Millionaire John W. Mackay stalked into President Helliman's room and knocked down C. W. Bonying, his confidential agent. The men were separated before either could pull a revolver, but those who know both declare that this is not the end of the trouble. Bonying came from England several years ago, and has been Mackay's chief business man here for several years. Helliman recently took charge of the Nevada bank, and a street report is that Bonying had played Mackay false in a recent deal. The street was full of rumors, but the persons chiefly interested refuse to talk.

WILL BE CONFIRMED.

No Cause for Uneasiness Over Judge Acheson's Appointment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Some anxiety has been manifested by Judge Acheson's friends over the delay in the confirmation of his appointment. Senator Quay, however, says that no concern need be felt about this matter, since the judiciary committee, to which the nomination was referred, was unusually slow to act, and that there were no obstacles in Judge Acheson's way. The senator added that while he could not say that either District Attorney Lyon or Judge Wickham was a candidate for the district bench, he thought either of them would accept the place.

NO SILVER LEGISLATION.

One Result of the Defeat of the Election Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—One of the results of the action of the free coinage advocates in securing the defeat of the cloture and election bill will be to prevent any legislation on the silver measure. The western Republican members who were disposed to vote for free coinage have announced themselves as now unalterably opposed to the measure. Mr. Bland and other Democratic advocates, however, will try to bring it up on all occasions.

DISCOVERED THE SECRET.

The Gay Young Man Released.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Jan. 29.—Calvin Bushey, the festive music teacher who was arrested for running off with a pretty daughter of an Ohio farmer and got in jail here for the offense, was bailed out yesterday, his brother having come here from his Ohio home with the cash.

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD.

It is said that C. A. Brandt, while drilling a well on his farm near Fairport, Ia., found, at the depth of 320 feet, a vein of silver sixteen inches thick.

B. H. Campbell Not Murdered.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—The body of B. H. Campbell, the millionaire, who has been missing since Nov. 26, was found yesterday in the river at the Rush street bridge. Its identification is complete, and sets at rest all the rumors of foul play, and strongly confirms the claims of his friends that he either committed suicide while temporarily deranged or met accidental death while wandering about the streets in delirium, brought on by severe illness.

C. L. Freeman Vilas was formally

Supervising Inspector of Steam Vessels. Fehrenbach suggests that the steamboat interests would separate the freight and passenger business by putting on fast steamers for carrying passengers and express matter. It would greatly improve their business, which is now unprofitable.

Confirmation of the intended resignation of Judge Julius S. Grinnell from the circuit bench was given by him Wednesday. He informed a reporter that he will retire before the first of April. It is thought he will accept the position of general counsel for the Chicago City Railway company.

Sir Charles Tupper has been summoned by court from London to take charge of the negotiations for a reciprocal treaty at Washington. Sir Charles, who sailed from Liverpool Wednesday, will bear dispatches from Lord Salisbury regarding the reopening of the question of reciprocity, which he will submit to Secretary Blaine.

SENSATIONAL SUIT FOR DIVORCE.

MT. VERNON, O., Jan. 29.—A sensational suit for divorce, which involves the moral standing of a minister of the Gospel, was filed here. The petitioner is Daniel Jennings, of Sunbury, and the defendant is Mrs. Elsie Jennings, of Centerburg. The parties were married in Centerburg, April 1, 1882, and have two children. Mr. Jennings swears in his petition that in 1890, on several occasions, his wife committed adultery with Rev. George W. Duckworth. Rev. Duckworth is a minister in the Christian church and published a paper in the interest of that denomination.

Weather Forecast.

For Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia: Showers; southeasterly winds; stationary temperature, except in Northern Pennsylvania, slightly warmer.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

THE APPORTIONMENT BILL UP IN THE SENATE.

Debate on it by Messrs. Hale, Carlisle, Hiscock and Hawley—A Vote to be Asked Upon the Bill To-Day—Several Public Building Bills Agreed to—The House in Committee of the Whole on the Military Academy Appropriation Bill—Several Amendments Offered.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—In the senate Wednesday, during the morning hour, senate bill for a pontoon bridge across the Missouri river at Lexington, Mo., and house bill to ratify and confirm agreements with the Sac and Fox nation of Indians, and the Iowa tribe of Indians (amended) were passed. Conference report on the bill for a public building at Pueblo, Colo., was agreed to. The appropriation is reduced from \$400,000 to \$350,000. The house apportionment bill was then taken up and Mr. Hale argued in favor of the bill as it came from the house. After further discussion by Messrs. Carlisle, Hiscock, Hawley and Hale, the bill was laid aside. Mr. Hale gave notice that he would ask a vote upon it at noon Thursday. A conference on the bill for a public building at Rockford, Ill., was agreed to. House bill increasing to \$75,000 the limit of cost for a public building at Portsmouth was reported and placed on the calendar. After a brief executive session on the senate, at 5 o'clock, adjourned.

The Day Before the Investigation

began that Representative Dockery had told him (Stevens) that it was the desire of the committee for Mr. Stevens, who was to appear as witness, to delay his appearance and prolong his testimony, as it was the purpose of the committee to adjourn from Saturday to Wednesday, and he (Dockery) did not want to testify or have Senator Vest testify until that time. This, with other information he had, he said, looked as if he had a plausible story. Witness testified that he had no personal knowledge of the existence of a silver pool or of any member of congress speculating in silver. He had heard rumors that senators and representatives were interested, but did not think it fair to mention names. Mr. Tanner, ex-state treasurer of Illinois, he said, could give more information than he had. He also suggested that the committee get the telegrams of Cameron, Little and Tanner in connection with their silver purchases.

BANCROFT'S WILL.

Historic Manuscripts to be Offered to the Library of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The will of the late George Bancroft has been placed in probate here. The estate is given in trust for the benefit of relatives. Mr. Bancroft gives his portrait to Harvard college. His manuscripts of historic collections are to be offered for sale to the Library of Congress, and, in the event of their not being purchased, to be offered to any public library, the money to be added to the trust fund. The library and printed works are to be sold preferably to some institution, and this money is to go to the same fund. The income from his copyrights are also to go to the fund.

A Railroad Route Altered.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Jan. 29.—It is announced that Senator Camden has changed the proposed route of his railroad extension from Sutton, W. Va., to the Virginia coal fields so as to strike the C. & O. railroad at the mouth of the Gauley river, and using that line to the mouth of the Canterbury river, where large coking fields are found. Work will begin in the development of these at once. The corps of engineers are now completing the final surveys.

NO MONEY AND NO FOOD.

2,500 Italians Shipped to Bellaire by Mistake.

WHAT IS HOPE TO ACCOMPLISHED FOR THE SOFT COAL REGION.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 29.—President Rae, Secretary Watchorn and Organizer McBride, of the United Mine Workers, passed through this city on their way to Clearfield, Pa. Thence to go to the regions of Maryland and West Virginia to arrange for a competitive convention, which will be held in March. It is intended to perfect a system of control of prices of all coal marketed in the east and northeast, and to fix a scale of prices for a year. Operators as well as miners will be represented. Secretary Watchorn said it would result in better wages for 35,000 miners in the regions named.

PIK-RON TRY IT.

and CAN SEE THAT SHE THROUGH.

and everything looks red and pretty.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH Philadelphia.

TARIFF POCKET MANUAL.

Combining the McKinley Tariff Bill and the Administrative Customs Act, is, as its title indicates, a POCKET MANUAL, 4x7 inches, containing something over 150 pages. It is bound in the pocket and carried in the breast pocket and according to its ease of form.

Everybody interested in the Tariff (and who is not?) will find in this an invaluable book of reference.

It contains just off the press news of the Tariff and new and new duties in opposite columns.

It contains all the latest news of the Tariff and new and new duties in opposite columns.

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If you need help,

THE MASSILLON DAILY INDEPENDENT.

Try the "Want" Column.

THE FADS OF STATESMEN

WALTER WELLMAN HAS BEEN QUIETLY WATCHING THEM.

What He Has Learned About Them He Has Here Written Down for Curious Readers to Carefully Peruse and Remember Upon.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The greatest of men have their small traits, their little peculiarities. President Harrison dislikes a tall hat, though of course he often sacrifices personal predilection to considerations of dignity and propriety. He has always had a horror of public barber shops, and the man who now trims his beard and cuts his hair—the court barber—has performed a like service for Mr. Harrison for fifteen or twenty years. At Indianapolis the president rarely or never visited a barber shop, but always had his man come to him at home or at his office.

The president's favorite hat is the derby, but Senator Plumb couldn't be hired to wear anything but a soft slouch hat, which looks all the more slouchy from Mr. Plumb's way of wearing it. Senator Wolcott hasn't worn any sort of shoes except patent leather since he came to Washington. Senator Voorhees has worn the same style of neckties—plain, black silk, "string" ties—ever since he was a boy, and will probably wear them, and none other, as long as he lives.

One of Senator Cullom's characteristics is his smile. The senior senator from Illinois, who looks like Abraham Lincoln, and who may some day be president, is always smiling. He smiles when he is good natured and when he is not, when he is saying unpleasant things as well as pleasant, when praising or damning. He cannot help smiling any more than he can help breathing, and it follows that Mr. Cullom is a man who makes many friends and few enemies.

A peculiarity of Senator Bate is that, although he is very fond of tobacco, and always has a cigar in a corner of his mouth, no one in Washington has ever seen him smoke in the ordinary acceptance of the term. His cigar is never lighted, and he enjoys what he calls a "dry smoke." He has a reason for this which is worth relating. He was a brigadier general in the Confederate army, and connected with his brigade was his brother, also an officer of high rank. The two were always together. Both were smokers, and even in the field the thin blue curls of smoke could be seen ascending from their cigars.

During one of the most fiercely fought battles of the war Gen. Bate and his brother were together as usual watching the progress of the fight. They were an eminent, and although within range of the enemy's batteries proceeded to indulge themselves as usual in the weed. Gen. Bate drew out from his pocket two cigars, and handing one to his brother took the other himself, and then asked for a light. His brother struck a match on his box, and just as he was offering it to the general a cannon ball came along and struck him right in the face. The poor fellow's head was taken off as cleanly as though it had been done with a sword. From that day to this Senator Bate has never lighted a cigar.

Senator Ingalls has two or three hobbies. One of these is rooting around old bookstores; another is red neckties, and a third is wearing a tight fitting coat, always buttoned from top to bottom. Maj. McKinley expends a good deal of his surplus energy in smoking cigars. He is one of the most inveterate smokers in congress. Another of Mr. McKinley's peculiarities is his fondness for the use of the words "United States" in debate. Mr. McKinley never fails to improve an opportunity to use these words, for he loves to roll them on his tongue.

Mr. McKinley pronounces "United States" very much in this fashion—"Y-o-u-n-i-t-e-d St-a-a-tes," and if he has occasion to speak of the president he is always the "President of the United States." The senate is "The senate of the United States," and the treasury is "The treasury of the United States." Senator Gorman, whose oratorical manners are much like those of Mr. McKinley, has a similar fail. He rarely or never addresses the presiding officer of the senate without saying, "Now, Mr. President." One day last week, during the great debate on the elections bill, Mr. Gorman made his usual exclamation, "Now, Mr. President," when his attention was diverted by some of his colleagues, who whispered to him advice or suggestions concerning his remarks. It so happened that Mr. Gorman repeated his favorite phrase no fewer than five times, with rather comic effect.

Senator Reagan, of Texas, is never happy unless he has strings or pieces of cord to play with, twirling them about in his fingers, testing their strength, tying them in knots, and then untangling them again. Senator Kenna, of West Virginia, is a paper chewer. He is continually snipping off corners of letters or sheets of paper and putting them in his mouth. Sometimes he uses pieces of cord or binding twine, and one recent day he cut a queer figure going about the senate chamber with a couple of yards of red ribbon dangling from his mouth. The spectators craned their necks and asked one another what the trouble was with the senator from West Virginia. The answer was simple. Mr. Kenna had simply begun to exercise his infantile propensity upon the end of a ball of red tape.

An odd fad is that of Congressman George Adams, of Illinois. Mr. Adams, though never at sea, is passionately fond of sea stories. He reads all the sea tales he can get hold of, and amuses himself drawing diagrams of the sailing courses of ships described in the stories, and of the scenes of wrecks and disasters. From his familiarity with the fiction of the sea Mr. Adams has become a master of nautical terms, which he is too modest to use. Some day, no doubt, the congressman will take a sea voyage, and come back determined to become a sailor, even if he has to buy a yacht for his own use or ship before the mast of a lake schooner.

Senator Cockrell is the only man I know of in the aristocratic end of the Capitol who has the audacity to smoke a pipe within the sacred precincts of the house of lords. During one of the recent night sessions Mr. Cockrell was among the absentees, and the sergeant-at-arms received instructions to hunt him up and bring him into the chamber. While that official was searching high and low Mr. Cockrell was snuggled away in a corner of the cloak room, enjoying a smoke from a long corn cob pipe made in his beloved Missouri. When he heard that he was wanted the senator refilled his pipe, came to the door leading to the chamber and there stood puffing defiance in the face of the senate.

Senator Cockrell is the only man I know of in the upper branch of congress. Congressman Hopkins, of Illinois, is not only left handed, but has a way of turning the paper wrong end to while writing, so that he looks at the lines from the top instead of from the bottom.

Senator Edmunds twirls his thumbs or rubs his nose with his two forefingers joined together. Speaker Reed has a habit of standing with his hands clasped behind his back.

Joe Blackburn is like a big, awkward boy—there is always some cut, sprain or bruise on his body. First, he slips on the ice and hurts his leg; then he cracks the bones in his left arm, and to this day wears that member in a sling. Another of his peculiarities is failure to answer to his name on the first roll call. One day last week the tally clerk, in calling the roll of the senate, called out Blackburn's name as usual, and, as usual, was about to call the next name without the customary pause for a response, when Blackburn sang out a "no" which made the gas fixtures rattle, and filled the clerk with astonishment and confusion.

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Senator Brown, of Georgia, who is now sick, and whose successor will be the "fighting Governor" Gordon, had a habit when speaking of always rubbing his hands together. This peculiar trait called forth from Mr. Ingalls that memorable attack on Mr. Brown, in which he characterized him as "a Uriah Heap, continually washing his hands in imperceptible water with invisible soap." Mr. Hiscock, whether on his feet speaking or in his chair, is all the while running his hands through his hair, which with some vanity he has arranged in thick rolling locks, which fall in gray ripples over his forehead.

Senator Edmunds, who is very bald, has a horror of draughts, and often wears a skull cap in going through the senate corridors. Senator Teller, who wears his thick, tawny hair pompadour, has a way of stroking his bangs upward every few minutes. An oddity of Senator Plumbe, one which greatly adds to his resemblance to a big, good natured farmer, is his habit of running his thumb under his waistcoat at the shoulder to straighten out his suspender strap. This he does about once in five minutes, especially when standing on his feet engaged in conversation. He does it sometimes while making a speech, just as the farmer does when he stops to rest with the plow or the rake.

Senator Sawyer is fond of big red apples, and often comes into the senate chamber with three or four in his arms, and then passes them out to his neighbors. His colleague, little Senator Spooner, is a "dry" smoker, and goes around half the time with an unlit cigar between his lips or in his fingers. Senator Daniel is still another "dry" smoker. Roger Q. Mills is a toothpick fiend. Springer, of Illinois, besides his famous red buttonhole bouquet, is noted for the way in which he picks at the buttons on the coats of the friends with whom he terates in this enterprise.

CAUSED A SENSATION.

HON. H. E. TAUBENECK PROVES TO BE W. H. ROGERS.

He is an Alliance Member of the Illinois Legislature Who Has Recently Attracted Much Attention from the Fact That on His Vote Depends the Election of the United States Senator—He Forged Himself in and Out of the Ohio Penitentiary.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 29.—Pictures of Hon. H. E. Taubeneck, member of the house of representatives in Illinois, have been sent to the officials at the penitentiary and shown to nearly a dozen prisoners, who identified him as W. H. Rodgers. The description of the two men tallies in every respect. Those who were there in 1886 called his name without hesitating and added the fact that Rodgers was the book keeper in the state shop. Taubeneck is an alliance member of the Illinois legislature, who has recently attracted so much attention from the fact that on his vote depends the election of the next United States senator. Rodgers has a most sensational history, as the records of the Ohio penitentiary show that he forged himself, both in and out of that institution. In 1885 he was received from Wayne county to serve eighteen months for forgery, and was paroled on the 7th day of August, 1886. The papers show that every one of them was forged, and it is said that he left the state within twenty-four hours after he was released. A committee of the Illinois legislature is at present investigating similar charges against Taubeneck.

IRON WORKS SOLD.

An English Syndicate's Big Deal in the Lehigh Valley.

ALLEGHENY, PA., Jan. 29.—One of the most important real estate transfers ever made in the Lehigh Valley has just been consummated here. The Crane Iron works at Catawissa, next to the largest pig iron producing establishment in Eastern Pennsylvania, was sold to an English syndicate for \$3,500,000. Besides the five furnaces of the company at Catawissa, the purchase includes the Warwick Iron works at Pottstown, Pa., the valuable ore mines of the company at Sheshayishua, Pa., and leases on furnaces at Edgell Hill and Maenig, together with all the raw material, rolling stock and the Catawissa water works, which are owned by the company. The negotiations have been pending for a year. No immediate changes in the management will be made.

BIG SCHEME IN WEST VIRGINIA.

2,000 Acres of Ground Bought and Rolling Mills, Etc., Projected.

WHEELING, W. VA., Jan. 29.—Moundsville Mining and Manufacturing company was organized last week, and yesterday completed negotiations for the purchase of 2,000 acres of land in and about the suburbs of Moundsville, paying \$400,000 for it. A company will buy the land and immediately begin its development. Rolling mills will be erected, and other manufacturing plants, employing some 2,000 men. Officials of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and local capitalists are largely interested in this enterprise.

BEHRING SEA CASE CLOSED.

It is Expected That the Court will Deny John Bull's Petition.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Arguments in the Behring Sea case in the supreme court were concluded yesterday. A decision is expected next Monday. It is expected by those who made a study of the case, that court will deny the petition.

NATIONAL GUARD APPOINTMENTS.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 29.—Governor Patterson has made the following appointments: Milton D. Mott, associated judge of Pike county; John I. Rogers, of Philadelphia, judge advocate general; Lewis W. Reed, of Montgomery, surgeon general; Chambers McKibben, of Allegheny, inspector general; Herman Osthus, of Lackawanna, inspector of rifle practice.

STRAY BITS.

Harvard university has no evening reading room or library facilities whatever for its students.

At Milwaukee all theatre bills are hereafter to be submitted to the chief of police before being posted.

There are in use nearly 50,000 gas stoves which are let on hire by the gas companies who supply the British metropolis.

It is a singular fact that the wife of the inventor of telegraphy and the wife of the inventor of the telephone were both deaf mutes.

A supposed ghost which haunted a section of Baton Rouge, La., has been captured, and proved to be a demented colored woman.

Counterfeit notes are very rarely taken in the banks of Russia. The tellers are not responsible and therefore exercise keen vigilance.

Sixty thousand workmen of Switzerland do embroidery. They are paid about \$10,000,000 annually, and their machines are worth \$8,000,000.

A prehistoric smelting furnace has been discovered in New Mexico. Near a bar of pure silver was found. The furnace had been filled with ore and never fired.

Brazil is larger than the United States; but in the whole twenty states which make up the republic there are not as many people as in New York and Pennsylvania.

The Lick butts in San Francisco were supposed to be free, and such was the intention of the founder, but it appears that the managers are charging five cents for each, to reimburse him for the use of the towels.

"The widest plank on earth" is on exhibition at the railroad depot in Humboldt, Cal. It was cut at the Elk river mill, and is sixteen feet in width. It will be among the Humboldt exhibits at the World's Fair in Chicago.

The lamented Bishop Gilbert Haven said of the lay representation of women in the general conference: "It is bound to come, and women will yet be sent to this highest legislative and judicial assembly of the Methodist church, and women will yet be ordained bishops."

WALTER WELLMAN.

And he remarked further to Mrs. Livermore: "You will live to see it. I shall not."

The official reports the United States collects \$631,000,000 a minute last year, and just exactly equal to the amount of silver mined in that time.

Each minute, night, and day, by the offi-

cial reports the United States collects \$631,000,000 a minute last year, and just exactly equal to the amount of silver mined in that time.

Listen, to-night, "The Midnight Alarm" strikes.

THE OHIO LEGISLATURE.

The Passage of a Bill in the Morning and the Killing of the Same in the Afternoon One of the Senate Features.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 29.—The passage of a bill by a vote of 19 to 5 in the morning and the reconsideration and killing of the same bill by a vote of 19 to 6 in the afternoon was a feature of the senate proceedings. The Corcoran bribery bill, with Mr. Alexander's amendment prohibiting all state and county officials from receiving railroad passes, was the measure subjected to this acrobatic feat. A startling feature of the bill, as it passed, was Senator Richards' amendment, making officials receiving passes guilty of a penitentiary offense, punishable with five years' imprisonment. Senator Carpenter made a strong speech against the bill, denouncing it as unbecoming and of no interest to the people. Mr. Alexander supported the bill, and maintained that accepting favors from corporations obligated the recipients. Mr. Massie thought the measure a farce and absurd, and would make the body a laughing stock of the whole state. Mr. Wilson, a farmer and alliance man, considered such legislation demagogic, and declared that the demands coming from the Farmers' alliance were extremely foolish. Just before adjournment the senators decided to rid themselves of the prospect of prison garb, and carried Mr. Carpenter's Motion to Reconsider Action.

Mr. Richards, who fixed the penalty at five years in the morning, favored the motion to reconsider and said he was ashamed that he had voted for such a bill. The motion passed. The bill was returned from the house and indefinitely postponed. Senator Corcoran immediately introduced another bribery bill very similar to the original one. The new bill provides that either the giver or taker of bribes shall be exempt from prosecution if either squeals. The object is to secure testimony in bribery cases. Senator Morrison's bill requiring foreign building and loan associations to give \$60,000 securities approved by the state treasurer before they can do business in Ohio passed the senate. Mr. Alexander's amendment to provide for a state inspector was voted down after a lengthy discussion.

House Proceedings.

A measure affecting radical changes in the handling of county funds by treasurers was the cause of much discussion in the house. The bill was introduced by Mr. Sanford, of Summit, last session. It related to counties containing cities of the second class, third grade, and was applicable to only Akron and Canton. In fact, it means the transfer of the funds to a bank, to be known as the county depository. Mr. Monmot moved an amendment to the bill so as to except Stark county from its provisions. It was adopted, and then Mr. Hearne, of Harrison, moved that the measure be amended so as to apply to all counties. It was supported by Mr. Taylor, of Lucas, and Mr. Griffin, of Champaign. The amendment was lost by a vote of 70 to 17, and the bill passed by a vote of 66 to 21.

What a Change!

Is wrought in people who suffer from rheumatism when they take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The acidity of the blood, which causes the disease, is neutralized, the blood is purified and vitalized, the aching joints and limbs rest easily and quietly, and a feeling of serene health is imparted. Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished wonders for thousands subject to rheumatism. Try it yourself.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michel Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her that she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggists suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She contained it use and after taking ten bottles, found herself sound and well, now does her own housework and is well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at Z. T. Baltzly's Drug Store. Large bottles 50c. and \$1.00.

BUCKLETON'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

Blessing to Humanity.

This is what N. H. Andrews, a prominent citizen of Springfield, O., says: "It affords me great pleasure to assure my friends that I have received both immediate and permanent relief of throat, bronchial and asthmatic trouble in the use of Dr. Acker's English Remedy. It is certainly a good honest medicine and a blessing to humanity." The above preparation we sell on a positive guarantee; it has given better satisfaction than any other remedy we have ever sold. J. M. Schuckers, E. S. Craig, druggists, Massillon, O.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

Happy Hoosiers

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicine combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life." Only 50c. a bottle, at Z.